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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/556,004	11/08/2005	Edmond Mariette Emile Verstraeten	DE 030167	5021
	7590 03/25/200 LLECTUAL PROPER	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 3001		CARTER, WILLIAM JOSEPH		
BRIARCLIFF	MANOR, NY 10510		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		2875		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/25/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summany		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)						
		10/556,004		VERSTRAETEN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary			Examiner		Art Unit				
			WILLIAM J.		2875				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commur or Reply	nication appe	ears on the	cover sheet with the d	correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>08 N</i> o	vember 20i	05					
'=	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 November 2005</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
′=		<i>'</i> —			osecution as to th	e merits is			
٥/ك	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims		•						
	•								
•	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
·	5)∭ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.								
-	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
		otion and/or	alastian ra	zuiromont					
اـــا(٥	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or	election rec	quirement.					
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🗌 🤈	The specification is objected to by th	ne Examiner.							
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 Novembe</u>	<u>er 2005</u> is/are	е: а)⊠ асс	cepted or b)⊡ objec	ted to by the Exar	miner.			
	Applicant may not request that any object	ection to the d	lrawing(s) be	held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)	11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority เ	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 11/8/05.	PTO-948)		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 3, 7, and 9 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In claim 4, "the reflector neck" lacks antecedent basis.

In claim 7,"the cooling power" lacks antecedent basis.

In claim 9, line 2, "it" needs to be replaced with whatever the Applicant intends for "it" to refer to.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moroi et al. (4,630,182).

With respect to claims 1 and 3-10, Moroi teaches high-pressure discharge lamp (1, column 2, lines 31-33) with a reflector (2) and a cooling device (15), characterized in that the cooling device comprises at least one pair of ducts (15) which guide a cooling gas flow (arrows in Fig. 2) onto the electrode lead-throughs (1c and 1d) of the discharge tube (1), several ducts (15) are arranged in front of the reflector (2), one duct (132) is arranged in the reflector neck (Fig. 4), the discharge tube (1) is surrounded by two

sleeve sections (102 and 132) into which cooling gas flows (arrows in Fig. 4) can be introduced (Fig. 4); and a projection system (Fig. 1). In the embodiments discussed above, Moroi does not explicitly teach the cooling device comprising a nozzle, cooling gas flows being introduced into the sleeve from mutually opposed directions; and a cooling power is controlled by a control unit so as to observe given operational parameters. But Moroi does teach replacing the ducts with nozzles (column 4, lines 59-63). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to use the nozzles to replace the ducts, in order to provide a larger flow rate of air (column 4, lines 59-63). Moroi also teaches cooling gas flows being introduced into the lamp from mutually opposed directions (Fig. 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to reverse the gas flow, in order provide more cool air for greater cooling (column, line 59-column 5, line 25). Moroi also teaches a cooling power is controlled by a control unit so as to observe given operational parameters (column 1, 36-39). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to use the control unit in the embodiments shown in Fig. 1-4, in order to save energy by only activating the fan when the lamp reaches a particular temperature (column 1, lines 36-39). As for claims 6, 8, and 9, Moroi does not explicitly teach the disclosed dimensions, but one of ordinary skill in the art would have been led to the recited dimensions through routine experimentation and optimization. Applicant has not disclosed that the dimensions are for a particular unobvious purpose, produce an unexpected result, or are otherwise critical, and it appears prima facie that the process would possess utility using another set of

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dimensions. Indeed, it has been held that mere dimensional limitations are prima facie obvious absent a disclosure that the limitations are for a particular unobvious purpose, produce an unexpected result, or are otherwise critical. See, for example, *In re Rose*, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); *In re Rinehart*, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); *Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc.*, 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984); *In re Dailey*, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966). See also MPEP 2144.04(IV)(B).

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Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moroi in view of Narita (4,630,1826,759,793).

With respect to claim 2, Moroi teaches all of the claimed elements, as discussed above, except for explicitly teaching the cooling device comprises two ducts which are passed through the reflector at a mutual distance. Narita, also drawn to high pressure discharge lamps, teaches cooling device comprises two ducts (24) which are passed through a reflector (20) at a mutual distance (Fig. 3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to use the cooling device orientation of Narita in the lamp of Moroi, in order to provide cooling without having to establish a flow path (column 6, lines 6-8). Although Moroi and Narita do not explicitly teach the dimensions of claim 2,one of ordinary skill in the art would have been led to the recited dimensions through routine experimentation and optimization. Applicant has not disclosed that the dimensions are for a particular unobvious purpose, produce an unexpected result, or are otherwise critical, and it appears prima facie that the process would possess utility using another set of dimensions. Indeed, it has been held

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that mere dimensional limitations are prima facie obvious absent a disclosure that the limitations are for a particular unobvious purpose, produce an unexpected result, or are otherwise critical. See, for example, *In re Rose*, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); *In re Rinehart*, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); *Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc.*, 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984); *In re Dailey*, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966). See also MPEP 2144.04(IV)(B).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to WILLIAM J. CARTER whose telephone number is (571)272-0959. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra L. O'Shea can be reached on (571)272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

wjc 3/16/08

/Ali Alavi/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2875